

Introducing the nature of Vitazyme, how it works, and the appropriate use of this highly effective crop and soil biostimulant.

Active Agents: Brassinosteroids Triacontanol Glucans and Glycosides B-Vitamins





### Growth Stimulants

Interact with each other to have a positive impact on plants, maximizing growth.

# ADVANTAGES OF VITAZYME

#### Natural active agents

Contains growth regulators, enzymes and glycosides that stimulate plant growth and development.

#### Compatability

Can be applied with any chemical and nutrient solution.

#### • Cost Effective

Improves nutrient uptake, therefore reducing the need to apply excessive fertilizer.

#### Improved quality and yield

Vitazyme affects metabolic processes causing an increase in photosynthesis, nutrient uptake and enzyme activity.

#### **All-Natural Biostimulant**

Material that contains microorganisms whose function, when applied to plants is to stimulate and enhance the natural processes.

#### **Increases photosynthesis**

Process in which green plants use sunlight to synthesize nutrients from CO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O.

#### Increases plant growth and nutrient uptake

## Enzyme Cascade Effect

Successive tiers of enzymes are activated in the plant and microbial tissues to yield a large physiological response.

#### Stress tolerance

Activates anti-stress responses through selective changes at specific points within the plants functionality.

#### Disease Resistance 🤞

Stimulates beneficial microbia to create a buffer around the root zone to protect against pathogens.

TRIALS





#### Figure 1.

Demonstrates the effect of Vitazyme on Maize root development. The treated plant on the right shows increased root mass.

#### Figure 2.

Demonstrates the increase in cob size. The treated plant on the left shows large, more uniform cobs in comparison to the untreated plant on the right.

# THE SYMBIOTIC CYLCE

Production of carbohydrates and energy required by the plant from the sun. Vitazyme is applied as a foliar to the plant to stimulate the plants natural photosynthetic process.



Energy is fed through the root system into the rhizoshpere helping to feed the soil organisms that are helpful to the plant. In turn, organisms break down minerals and nutrients.

THE PLANT FEEDS THE SOIL ORGANISMS



SOIL ORGANISMS FEED THE PLANT

Vitazyme contains metabolic triggers that stimulate the plant to photosynthesize better, fixing more sunlight energy in the form of carbon compounds to increase the transfer of carbohydrates, proteins, and other growth substances into the root zone. These active agents, applied as a foliar, enter the plant through the leaves, where essentially they reach the roots, subsequently enhancing the metabolism of the rhizosphere population to a higher level. This triggers a synthesis of growth-benefiting compounds and the release of minerals for plant uptake.



Sales and MarketingOffice Sales+263 772 666 690Office Landline+263 867 700 5277Email Addressbioagri@damara.org

Location

+263 772 666 690 Stand 583 Pomona Industrial Park +263 867 700 5277 Borrowdale bioagri@damara.org Harare